U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-18955

rk	Cou Cent App Nam	e: nty: ter coordii roximate :	Texas Aransas nates of si size of are est waterw	te (latitude/lor a (parcel) rev ray: Salt Lake Copano Bay	ngitude): iewed, includi		3.06N / 97.10W blands: 0.5 acres.
JUF				RMINATIO determination (s)	_		ate: 16 Aug 2006 ate(s): 16 Aug 2006
	Juri	Prelimina United S	ary JD - B tates" and				there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the ed States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	☒		d JD – An l that appl	• •	is an appealab	ble ac	tion (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		There	e are "nav wed area.	igable waters Approximate	of the United S size of jurisdi	State	s" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within al area:
					ted States" (as e of jurisdiction		ned by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the rea:
		☐ There	e are "isol 🗐		ported by SW		waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. CC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
BAS	A.	Waters of The prese	defined un ence of wa	nder 33 CFR iters that are s	ubject to the e	navi; bb ar	gable waters of the United States": ad flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in interstate or foreign commerce.
		(1) The printerstate (2) The printerstate (3) The printerstate (3) The printerstate (4) The printerstate (5) The printerstate (6) The printerstate (5) The printerstate (6) The printerstate (7) The p	oresence of corresence of correspondence of	f waters, which commerce, if interstate was fother waters s, sloughs, prach could affect or could be us h fish or shell or could be u of waters oth f a tributary to f territorial se	th are currently including all waters including such as intrastire potholes, at interstate cored by interstate fish are or coursed for industrierwise defined to a water identias.	y use waters interstate I wet number te or full be trial pd as was tified	waters of the United States": d, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. state wetlands. akes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, neadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or ce including any such waters (check all that apply): foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. Itaken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. surposes by industries in interstate commerce. Foreign travelers of the US. In (1) – (4) above.  Hers of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.
				CT ! !! !!			

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-18955

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank ☐ the presence of litter and debris ☐ changes in the character of soil ☐ destruction of terrestrial vegetation ☐ shelving ☐ other:  ☐ Image: All of the Line indicated by: ☐ oil or scum line along shore objects ☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) ☐ physical markings/characteristics ☐ tidal gages ☐ other:
Ø	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
ÿ	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas a	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: ROCKPORT, Texas  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): NAIP, 2004  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on: 16 Aug 2006  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-18954

ILL IV	CMBER.	D-10734					
ROJE	CT LOCA	TION IN	FORMATION:				
Sta		Texas					
Co	unty:	Hidalgo					
Ce	nter coordi	nates of site	e (latitude/longitud	e):	26.16N / 97.91W		
Ap	proximate	size of area	(parcel) reviewed,	including	g uplands: 0.137 acres.		
Na	me of near	est waterwa	ay: Arroyo Anacuit	as			
Na	me of wate	rshed:	Arroyo Colorado				
TIDIOI	NOTION	. DETER	DAMES A TROOP				
			RMINATION	N21	Data: 22 Aug 2006		
Co	mpieteu:	-	letermination	X	Date: 22 Aug 2006		
		Site visit(	s)	The state of the s	Date(s):		
Ju	risdictiona	l Determin	nation (JD):				
	United S		or "navigable water		, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq  there appear to be no "waters of the Inited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable		
×		d JD – An I that apply		appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).		
			gable waters of the Approximate size of		ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ional area:		
			ers of the United State proximate size of ju		defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the all area:		
	☐ There				ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No		
21215	OF HIDIS	DICTION	AL DETERMINA	ATION:			
					ovigable waters of the United States":		
Ë	The prese	ence of wat	ters that are subject	to the ebb	o and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ort interstate or foreign commerce.		
D	Waters	defined un	der 33 CFD nort 3	129 3(a) a	s "waters of the United States":		
В. □					used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in		
					ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.		
			interstate waters in				
×					te lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,		
-					et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or		
					nerce including any such waters (check all that apply):		
					or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.		
	(ii)	from which	fish or shellfish ar	e or could	be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.		
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.						
x, i					s waters of the US.		
7.7	(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.						
	(6) The p	resence of	territorial seas.				
	(7) The p	resence of	wetlands adjacent <sup>2</sup>	to other v	waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.		

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(l) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-18954

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by:  oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
+ 35	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
13	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas Salan	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: MERCEDES, Texas  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Mercedes, Texas, CSJ: 0039-18086  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): NAIP, 2004  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 12769(08)/006

	CT LOCATION INFO	RMATION:		
State Cou				
	ter coordinates of site (1	atitude/longitude	e):	27.80N / 97.17W
	roximate size of area (p			
	ne of nearest waterway:			
		rpus Christi Bay		
	ICTIONAL DETERM		62	D
Con	npleted: Desktop dete	ermination	$\boxtimes$	Date: 28 Aug 2006
	Site visit(s)			Date(s):
Juri	isdictional Determinati	ion (JD):		
				there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
			s of the U	nited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR par	rt 331).		
<b>N</b>	Assessed ID. Assess			(D-Common 22 CFD most 221)
$\boxtimes$	Check all that apply:	proved JD is an a	ippearable	action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	Check an that appry.			
	▼ There are "navigab	le waters of the	United Sta	ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within
	the reviewed area. App			
	_			
				efined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the
	reviewed area. Approx	ximate size of jur	risdictiona	al area:
	There are "isolated	d non-navigable	intra-sta	te waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.
				NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
		risdiction.		
	OF JURISDICTIONAL			
				vigable waters of the United States":
$\boxtimes$				and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
	the past, or may be sus	ceptible for use	to transpo	rt interstate or foreign commerce.
B.	Waters defined under	r 33 CFR nart 3	28.3(a) as	s "waters of the United States":
				ised, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
_				ers which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(2) The presence of int			
				e lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
				t meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
				nerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
				or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.  be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
				l purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
ш	(4) Impoundments of v			
Ħ	(5) The presence of a tr			
χ., χ.	(6) The presence of ter	ritorial seas.		
7.3			to other w	vaters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 12769(08)/006 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ✓ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. П Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: PORT INGLESIDE, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): NAIP, 2004 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

		CT OFFI U <b>MBER:</b>		eston Amendme	ent l		
PR	State Cou Cen App Nan	e: inty: ter coordi oroximate	inates of s size of ar est water	ea (parcel) way: Aran	e/longitud reviewed,	including o and Mes	28.1372N/97.0344W guplands: 0.1 acres. squite Bays ite Bays
JUI				ERMINA' determina t(s)		X	Date: 30 Aug 2006 Date(s):
	Juri	isdictiona	al Determ	ination (J	D):		
		United S	States" and		gable water		, \( \subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq  there appear to be no "waters of the nited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	$\boxtimes$		ed JD – A		l JD is an a	appealable	action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
							ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ional area:
					United Sta e size of ju		lefined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area:
		There	e are "iso		supported		te waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
BA	A.	Waters The pres	defined u	inder 33 C	are subject	329 as "na to the ebb	wigable waters of the United States":  o and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in an interestate or foreign commerce.
	B.	(1) The printerstate (2) The printerstate (3) The printerstate printer	presence of foreign presence of presence of the presence of th	of waters, on commerce of interstate of other was, sloughts ich could a or could be ch fish or see or could	which are of the waters in the waters such a prairie pour offect intersee used by its bellfish ar be used fo	currently using all wat to cluding in as intrastate the commitment of the commitment of the control of the cont	s "waters of the United States": used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in ers which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. uterstate wetlands.  te lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply): or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. Il purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

 $\Box$  (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

FILE NUMBER: D-10273 Amendment 1

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages □ other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ⊠ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
× 2.	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas <del>**</del>	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:  Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: BAYSIDE, LAMAR, ESTES, and MESQUITE BAY, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actional wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO, 2002  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers **DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RE FILE NUMBER: 24353** PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Galveston Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Latitide 29° 17′ 13"N; Longitude 94° 50′ 55"W (NAD27) Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. Name of nearest waterway: Offatts Bayou Name of watershed: West Galveston Bay Huc: 12040204 JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Date: 9/9/2006 Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Offatts Bayou is a navigable water of the U.S. and subject to our jurisdiction under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other:  High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages □ other: Applicant's drawings
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Galveston, Texas  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Galveston, Texas DOQQ, 2004 CIR  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG-PE-RE **FILE NUMBER:** Action ID 200601576

5	State	
C A	Cent Appr Nam	nty: Brazoria ter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Latitude 28° 59' 51"; Longitude 95° 14' 02.33" roximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: acres. ne of nearest waterway: Drum Bay ne of watershed: Austin-Oyster Huc: 12040205
		ICTIONAL DETERMINATION  npleted: Desktop determination
J	Juri	sdictional Determination (JD):
		Preliminary JD - Based on available information, $\square$ there appear to be (or) $\square$ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
C	X	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
		There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
		There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
		There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.  Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.
BASI	S C	OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:
A	4.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
	X	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":  (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.  (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands <sup>1</sup> .
į		<ul> <li>(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):</li> <li>(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.</li> <li>(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.</li> <li>(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.</li> </ul>
Î	X	<ul> <li>(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.</li> <li>(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.</li> <li>(6) The presence of territorial seas.</li> <li>(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.</li> </ul>

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Drum Bay is a Navigable Water of the U.S. and subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act.

FILE NUMBER: Action ID 200601576

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul> <li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>Other (explain):</li> </ul>
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Christmas Point of OE S  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RE

FILE NUMBER: 24338

PRC				NFORMATION:			
	State		Texas				
	Cou		Orange	ita (latituda/lanaitu	4-).	N29 54' 46" W93 49' 17"	
				ite (latitude/longitud			
				ea (parcel) reviewed way: Sabine Lake	i, including	g upianus: 1 acres.	
		ne of mear		•			
	ivan	ie or wate	ersned:	Sabine Lake			
JUR	ISD	ICTION	AL DETE	ERMINATION			
	Con	npleted:	Desktop	determination	$\boxtimes$	Date: 12 September 2006	
			Site visit	t(s)	331	Date(s):	
						` '	
	Juri	sdictiona	I Determ	ination (JD):			
						$\Box$ , $\Box$ there appear to be (or) $\Box$ there appear to be no "waters of the	
				d∕or "navigable wate R part 331).	ers of the U	Jnited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable	
	$\square$	Annrova	d ID _ A.	a annroyed ID is an	annaalahl	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	
			that app		арреатаот	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	
		oneen ai	. mar app	.,,			
		X There	<i>are</i> "nav	igable waters of the	United St	rates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within	
						tional area: 1.0 acre.	
		<b>⊠</b> Tl		aftha Unitad C	hataa'' (aa	defined by 22 CED and 220 and annihing with a side of the side of	
				oproximate size of j		defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area: acre.	
		101101100	. a.ca. 7 ij	proximate size or j	at isalotion	di dica.	
		There	e are "iso			ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.	
				Decision supporte	ed by SWA	NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No	
				Jurisdiction.			
RAS	215 (	E HIDIS	SDICTIO	NAL DETERMIN	ATION:		
DAG						avigable waters of the United States":	
						b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in	
						ort interstate or foreign commerce.	
		the past,	or may or	susceptione for use	to transpe	merstate of foreign commerce.	
	B.	Waters	defined u	nder 33 CFR part	328.3(a) a	s "waters of the United States":	
	$\boxtimes$					used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in	
						ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.	
				of interstate waters i			
						te lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,	
		sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or					
		destructi	on of whi	ch could affect inter	rstate comi	merce including any such waters (check all that apply):	
		_		•		or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.	
						d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.	
	ETT'S					al purposes by industries in interstate commerce.	
	Щ					as waters of the US.	
				-	ater identif	ied in (1) – (4) above.	
		(0) The p	presence o	of territorial seas.	2 to athe	waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.	
		(/) The p	nesence (	n wettands adjacent	to other	waters of the OS, except for those wettands adjacent to other wetlands.	

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The project area appears to contain Sabine Lake, a navigable water of the United States, subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide.

	ral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☑ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul> <li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>Other (explain):</li> </ul>
DATA R	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: West of Greens Bayou, Texas  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** Galveston D-18592 FILE NUMBER: PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Aransas Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28-03-40 E; 97-04-09 N Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 153.0 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Salt Lake Name of watershed: Aransas Bay JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Date: 13 September 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.0 acre. There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.0 acres. There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": [1] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

# FILE NUMBER: D-18592

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: hydrophytic vegetation
*	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
18 m.	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Project involves directional drilling under levee for elevated ditch.  Other (explain):
X	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 4 April 2006, prepared by: Crouch Environmental Serv., Inc.  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER: 24336** 

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Calcasieu

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 30.05.45 Long: 92.42.50

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.32 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Trib. to Sabine River

Name of watershed: Sabine River

# JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 13 September 2006

Site visit(s) Date(s):

## Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the appear t United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Mathere are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

[1] (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

- (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:   High Tide Line indicated by:   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Glear, natural line impressed on the bank   Oil or scum line along shore objects   Oil or sc
5	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
<b>*</b>	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	<ul> <li>Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>Other (explain):</li> </ul>
×	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Orange  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Ageological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Avatural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:
员	Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER: 24354** 

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29.7773N: 95.0009W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 2.41 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Goose Creek Name of watershed: Galveston Bay

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 13 September 2006

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
  - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
  - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
  - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: D-16391

teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1. 2. or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land fo the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
<ul> <li>□ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>□ Other (explain):</li> </ul>
REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):  Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston FILE NUMBER: D-18855 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: Texas State: County: Nueces Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 27-50-01.13 E; 97-04-14.82 N Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.15 acre. Name of nearest waterway: Corpus Christi Ship Channel Name of watershed: South Corpus Christi Bay JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination  $\boxtimes$ Date: 14 September 2006 Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.0 acre. There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.15 acre. There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.
 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.  $\Box$  (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands adjacent to Corpus Christi Bay and subject to seasonal tidal flooding from that bay.

# FILE NUMBER: 20-18855

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: hydrophytic vegetation    High Tide Line indicated by:   oil or scum line along shore objects   fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)   physical markings/characteristics   tidal gages   other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:  The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill. sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Project involves directional drilling under levee for elevated ditch.  Other (explain):
DATA I	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic map: Port Aransas, Texas  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps: Port Aransas, Texas  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): USDA, 1995  Other photographs (Date): Furnished by applicant, 2006  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:  Site visit/determination conducted on:  Applicable/supporting case law:  Other information (please specify):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** CESWG FILE NUMBER: 24344

#### PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State: Texas
County: Jefferson

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Lat: 29-51-42 Long: 93.59.53

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Taylor Bayou Name of watershed: Taylor Bayou

## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

X

Date: 14 September 2006

Date(s):

#### Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \( \subseteq there appear to be (or) \( \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

#### BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
- (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

La	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
<b>E</b>	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
8	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bai	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.  Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1. 2. or 4-7).  Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).  The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons. pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.  Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.  Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
	<ul> <li>□ Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:</li> <li>□ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:</li> <li>□ Other (explain):</li> </ul>
n	
×	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Port Arthur South  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Dealogical Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG** FILE NUMBER: SWG-06-07-051

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State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 29.51.03 Long: 95.42.27

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.017 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Bear Creek Name of watershed: Greens Bayou

#### JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 14 September 2006

Date(s):

## Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the
United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area; acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

# BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
  - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
  - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
  - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)  Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:  clear. natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:  High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by:  ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:  Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
rice growing.  Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.  Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).  Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.  Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:  Other (explain):
Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.  This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):  Data sheets prepared by the Corps.  Corps' navigable waters' studies:  U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Addicks  U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:  U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:  National wetlands inventory maps:  State/Local wetland inventory maps:  FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):  100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)  Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):  Other photographs (Date):  Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.